Implementation and Continuation Issues for Supporting Underprepared Introductory Statistics Students Using an Assessment and Peer Tutoring Intervention Program

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Overview

- Introductory Statistics (MATH 171): A Gateway Course at LU
- Scholarship of Teaching and Learning (SoTL): Using Assessment with a Purpose!
- Lessons Learned
 - Results from Studies
 - Implementations (Peer-Tutoring Intervention)
- Future Work

Introductory Statistics (MATH 171) at Longwood University

- <u>No prerequisites</u>. Non-calculus based, included in Civitae Core Curriculum at LU.
- *Follow best practices* as recommended by the statistics education community.
 - Emphasis on concepts instead of computations.
 - Use real data.
 - Course is <u>algebraically light</u>.
 - Course is <u>computationally light</u> (i.e. make extensive use of technology)
- <u>Service course</u> to other disciplines: *Required* by Psychology, Mathematics, Business, Biology, Communication Studies
- <u>Prerequisite</u> for Applied Statistics (MATH 301) which is required by Environmental Science majors, Business majors, and counts towards the Mathematics major and minor.

Increasing Enrollment in



- Mostly freshmen.
- More professors teaching course.
- Issues:

NOTE: Overall Declining Enrollments but Larger Percent of Students Enrolled in Math 171.

- Success rate of students, implications for retention in face of declining enrollments.
- Weaker students.
- Consistency, quality, and fairness.

In the Beginning: Understanding Our Students

- Low success rate in Introductory Statistics (MATH 171)
 - Only 54% of students completing course with grade of C- or better.
- Starting in 2006, we used a Basic Skills Mathematics Quiz* (BSMQ) to measure incoming fundamental math skills.
 - Administered first day of class.
 - Most questions are problems involving simple algebra, percents, ratios, and proportions.



*Journal of Statistics Education (JSE): "Basic Math Skills and Performance in an Introductory Statistics Course" by Marianne Johnson and Eric Kuennen, 2006

Studies to Date

Study	Start Date	Finish Date	General Results
1	Fall 2006	Spring 2008	 BSMQ Predictor of Success Professor Effect Results Published in JSE in 2011 [2]
2	Fall 2011	Spring 2014	 BSMQ Predictor of Success Professor Effect Early Intervention using Peer- Tutoring Seemed to Work Results Published in JSE in 2018 [3]
2 ¾	Spring 2020	Stopped via COVID-19	 BSMQ Predictor of Success Professor Effect Early Intervention using Peer- Tutoring Seemed to NOT Work
3	Fall 2021		

Students With Low Basic Math Skills Less Likely to Be Successful

Study	Overall Success	Above 50% on	50% or lower on
	Rate	BSMQ Success Rate	BSMQ Success Rate
Study 1	53.8%	58.7%	38.5%
	(269/500)	(222/378)	(47/122)
Study 2	67.5%	69.6%	59.7%
	(1018/1508)	(830/1193)	(188/315)
Study 2 ¾	72.6%	78.6%	60.6%
	(143/197)	(103/131)	(40/66)

NOTE:

- Increasing overall success rate (success is a class grade of C- or higher).
- Increasing success rate for both groups of students.
- Students who scored 50% or lower on Basic Skill Math Quiz less likely to be successful than those who scored above.
- Small sample size for Study 2 ³/₄ compared to first two studies.

Basic Skills Quiz a Fair Predictor of Student Success

- Students with low basic mathematics skills were less likely to be successful (C- or higher) in MATH 171.
- A typical student who scored 10 on the 20question basic skills test had an approximate 40% chance of success in the course and one who scored 20 had an 80% chance. Band is ± 1 SE.
- Students scoring 50% or less deemed "at risk" for success.



Administration of Basic Skills Math Quiz: Lessons Learned

- Students given BSMQ on first day of class:
 Professors felt this set the wrong tone.
- Done via Scantron:
 - Issues getting results back to students and professors in a timely manner.
- Had considered using SAT scores but administration no longer requiring those.
- For new study starting this Fall will administer BSMQ via Canvas using HonorLock:
 - Can be completed outside of class.
 - Results can be compiled quickly.

Our Second Study Assessment with a Purpose

Use basic skills quiz to identify students who are not likely to be successful ("at-risk") and require early intervention.

Early Intervention: Students who score 50% or below on Basic Skills Math Quiz *required* to attend at least 6 hours of peer-tutoring in Center for Academic Success (CAS) before midterm.

Peer-Tutoring: Implementation and Issues

- Administered via LU's CAS:
 - No departmental control though professors did recommend tutors.
- High performing student peers tutoring students in groups:
 - Minimal peer-tutor training.
- Walk in tutoring model:
 - No procedure to require students to sign up for tutoring hours.
- Many students waited until last minute to complete tutoring hours:
 - Led to excessively large tutoring sections in the last 2-week period before the deadline for completion.
 - Frustrating experience for students and tutors.
- Consistency of topics and order of topics covered:
 - While all professors were using the TI-84 calculator, they did not follow the same order of course topics nor cover the topics at the same rate.
 - Made tutoring groups of students more difficult for peer-tutors.

A Closer Look at Early Intervention

Students Who Scored 50% or Lower (Required Intervention in Second Study)

Students Who Scored Above 50% (No Required Intervention in Either Study)

	Success	Failure	Total		Success	Failure	Total
First Study	47 (38.5%)	75	122	First Study	222 (58.7%)	156	378
Second Study	188 (59.7%)	127	315	Second Study	830 (69.6%)	363	1193

There was a 21.2 point increase in percent successful in this group.

There was a 10.8 point increase in percent successful in this group.

While there was a significant increase in success for both groups, the increase in success for students who scored 50% or lower was significantly* higher in the second study (i.e. with required intervention). *Cochran-Mantel-Haenszel Test, p < 0.001.

Basic Math Skills *Still* a Fairly Good Predictor of Success



Notice the shift up, especially in the lower portion of the second study success curve (dashed line).

MathFest - August 2021

Lesson Learned: Variation in Success by Semester

- General trend is increasing.
- Success rate for at-risk students is lower *and* more variable.
- Success for rate at-risk students generally lower in Fall semesters.
- Delay Math 171 until Spring semester for students with low test scores and/or in majors that do not require Math 301.



Percent successfull by required tutoring

The Professor Effect in the First Study

For a given basic skills quiz score, a student may be more likely to succeed with one professor than another.



Number Correct (out of 20) on Basic Skills Test

There is still a positive relationship between student basic math skills and student success, however the extent of the relationship varies between professors.

Study 2 ³/₄ Design Overview

- Started in Spring 2020.
- BSMQ test given to determine "at risk" students on first day of class.
- Intervention: Required 6 hours of peer-tutoring for "at risk" students in LU's new Quantitative Reasoning (QR) Center.
- Three professors in study:
 - Two junior tenure track mathematics faculty.
 - One full-time adjunct faculty.
 - None of professors in previous studies.
- Common final exam component to be graded via AP model.
- Study interrupted via COVID-19!

New!

- Each professor taught at least two sections: a control section and a treatment section. Both groups given BSMQ.
 - Treatment Sections: "At risk" students required to complete intervention.
 - Control Sections: "At risk" students not required to complete intervention.
- Required tutoring to be completed gradually (at least one hour per week).

"Results" from Study 2 ³/₄

- BSMQ *still* a fairly good predictor of success.
 - At-risk students less likely to be successful.
 - Percent of students who scored 50% or lower on the Basic Skills Test was percent was 34% (66/197) compared to 24% in 1st and 23% in 2nd Studies.
 - There was *still* a significant professor effect.
- There was no difference in success rate for "at risk" students in control and treatment groups.
 Small sample size.
- Having both a control and a treatment section a burden for instructors.

New QR Center!

- Created in Fall 2018 as part of new Civitae Core Curriculum.
- Up and running by Fall 2019.
- Top priority: Offer peer tutoring in a wide variety of courses.
- Support faculty engaging in SoTL.



QR Center Usage (19-20)

SEMESTER	# TUTORS	TOTAL VISITS	TOTAL # STUDENTS	VISITS PER COURSE(# SECTIONS)/ # (% OF TOTAL)	
Fall 2019	10	395	103	ALL CMSC(5)	13 (3%)
				MATH 135 (5)	81(20%)
				MATH 164 (1)	33 (8%)
				MATH 171(14)	<mark>123 (31%)</mark>
				MATH 175(1)	5 (1%)
				MATH 261(1)	3 (<1%)
				MATH 262(1)	2 (<1%)
				MATH 30 (5)	47 (12%)
				MATH	41 (10%)
				309/310/313(13)	
				PRAXIS CORE	47 (12%)

Fully in-person tutoring, no appointment required

QR Center Usage (19-20)

	# TUTORS	TOTAL VISITS	TOTAL # STUDENTS	VISITS PER COURSE(#		
SEMESTER				SECTIONS)/		
				# (% OF T	OTAL)	
	14	392		ALL CMSC(4)	49 (13%)	
				MATH 135 (4)	37 (9%)	
			124	MATH 164(1)	1 (<1%)**	
				MATH 171(12)	<mark>209 (53%)</mark>	
Spring 2020				MATH 175(1)	9 (2%)	
(Bra COVID)				MATH 261(1)	31 (8%)	
				MATH 262(1)	9 (2%)	
				MATH 301(5)	34 (9%)	
				MATH	9 (2%)	
				309/310/313(9)		
				PRAXIS CORE	4 (1%)	
	•	-			-	
	12	42	18	ALL CMSC	14 (33%)	
				MATH 135	1 (2%)	
				MATH 164	0 (0%)	
				MATH 171	<mark>15 (36%)</mark>	
Spring 2020				MATH 175	6 (14%)	
(Post-				MATH 261	0 (0%)	
COVID)				MATH 262	0 (0%)	
				MATH 301	1 (2%)	
				MATH	5 (12%)	
				309/310/313		
				PRAXIS CORE	0 (0%)	

Moving Forward

- Lessons learned
 - In-person vs. online
 - 1-1 tutoring vs. group tutoring
 - Data collection
- Institutional support
 - Improving data collection
 - Improving tutor preparation
- Lack of standardization in Math 171 sections.

Future Work: New Study!

- Fall 2021 Baseline Study
 - Identify at-risk students using BSMQ given online via Canvas using HonorLock.
 - Is the 50% cutoff still reasonable for determining "at-risk" students?
 - No required tutoring for students.
 - Encourage peer tutoring by QRC and assess student voluntary usage.
- Spring 2022 require Peer-Tutoring for "at risk" students.
 - Use BSMQ to identify "at-risk" students.
 - Require peer-tutoring for "at-risk" students to be completed gradually.
 - Students can earn at most one hour per week for required tutoring.
 - QRC will manage tutors
 - End of semester survey will be administered to obtain student feedback and perception of peer tutoring intervention.

Summary of Strategies for Improving Our Student Success in MATH 171

- Identify at-risk students with easily obtainable data:
 - BSMQ administered via Canvas using HonorLock.
- Delay MATH 171 for at-risk students:
 - More students take course in spring semester.
- Improve and expand tutoring services:
 - QRC created in 2018.
 - Students can earn at most one hour per week towards tutoring requirement.
- Course standardization:
 - Working to standardize course topics and order.
 - Common component on final exam.
 - Develop strategies for dealing with resistance by some senior faculty.
- Professional development for faculty teaching the course:
 - Monthly meetings for Math 171 instructors started in 2019/20 academic year, fizzled last academic year, but will do again this year.
 - Encourage enrollment in MAA minicourses about teaching statistics, etc.
- New statistics professor hired in 2020/21 academic year!

Thank you! Questions?

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